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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.		
09/825,083	04/02/2001	Krishnadas C. Kootale	020431.0790 1702			
75	7590 09/21/2004			EXAMINER		
Christopher W Baker Botts L.I		HAMILTON, MONPLAISIR G				
Suite 600	J.P.		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER		
2001 Ross Aver Dallas, TX 75		2135				

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Applic	ation No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Summary		09/825	5,083	KOOTALE, KRISHNADAS C.				
		Exami		Art Unit				
		Monpla	isir G Hamilton	2135				
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communi			h the correspondence addre	:ss			
A SH THE - Exte after - If the - If NO - Failu Any	IORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNI ensions of time may be available under the provisions SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this command period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) period for reply is specified above, the maximum stature to reply within the set or extended period for reply reply received by the Office later than three months at ed patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	CATION. of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no unication.)) days, a reply within the a tutory period will apply an will. by statute, cause the	event, however, may a re statutory minimum of thirty d will expire SIX (6) MONT	ply be timely filed (30) days will be considered timely. HS from the mailing date of this comm	unication.			
Status								
1) 又	Responsive to communication(s) file	d on <i>25 May 2004</i>						
		b) This action is						
3)		•		rs, prosecution as to the me	erits is			
-	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Disposit	ion of Claims			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
-	Claim(s) 1-34 is/are pending in the a	nolication						
5)□ 6)⊠ 7)⊠	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/ar Claim(s) is/ar allowed. Claim(s) <u>1-3, 6-12, 15-21, 24-29, 31</u> Claim(s) <u>4,5,13,14,22,23,30,32 and 3</u> Claim(s) are subject to restrict	e withdrawn from o and 33 is/are rejected is	eted.					
Applicati	on Papers			•				
	The specification is objected to by the	Fyaminer						
	10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.							
	Applicant may not request that any object							
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).							
11)	The oath or declaration is objected to	by the Examiner.	Note the attached	Office Action or form PTO-1	52.			
Priority u	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119							
12) <u></u> a)[Acknowledgment is made of a claim for All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority of None of: 2. Certified copies of the priority of None of: 3. Copies of the certified copies of the application from the Internation of the attached detailed Office action	locuments have be locuments have be f the priority docur al Bureau (PCT R	een received. een received in Ap nents have been re ule 17.2(a)).	plication No eceived in this National Stag	ge			
Attachment	• •			·				
	e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PT	0.048)	4) Interview Sur	mmary (PTO-413)				
3) 💹 Inform	nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or P No(s)/Mail Date	TO/SB/08)		Mail Date rmal Patent Application (PTO-152 .)			

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DETAILED ACTION

1. Claims 1-34 remain for examination.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 2. Claims 1-3, 6-12, 15-21, 24-29, and 31 and 33 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by US 5991732 issued to Moslares, herein referred to as Moslares.

Referring to Claims 1, 10, 19 and 28:

Moslares discloses a method for allocating data in a hierarchical organization of data, comprising: determining new values for one or more parents in the organization of data (col 15, lines 10-40); determining current values for one or more children in the organization of data, each child being hierarchically related to one or more parents (Fig 3; col 2, line 65-col 3, line 10, 35-45); determining the relationship between each parent and its children (Fig 3; col 2, line 65-col 3, line 10; col 16, lines 5-10); determining a variation for each child (col 16, lines 1-10); and determining a new value for each child by allocating the new values of the parents to the children based on the parent-child relationships, the current values of the children, and either the sum of

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the variations of the children or a matrix of the variations of the children (col 16, lines 1-35; col 18, lines 50-65; col 15, lines 20-55).

Referring to Claims 29, 31, and 33:

Moslares discloses a method for allocating data in a hierarchical, multi-dimensional organization for data comprising: determining demand forecasts for one or more parents in the organization of data (col 15, lines 10-20); determining current demand data values for one or more children in the organization data, each child being hierarchically related to one or more of the parents (Fig 3; col 2, line 65-col 3, line 10, 35-45); determining the relationship between each parent and its children (Fig 3; col 2, line 65-col 3, line 10; col 16, lines 5-10), the parents and children each representing storage locations within the organization of data that is uniquely identified by the positions of members in two or more dimensions of the organization of data (Fig 3; col 11, lines 35-60); determining a variation for each child, the variation calculated using statistical techniques based on the historical variation in the values of the child over a specified time period (col 15, lines 45-65; col 16, lines 1-35); and determining a new demand value for each child by allocating the demand forecasts for the parents to the children based on the parent-child relationships, the current demand values of the children, and either the sum of the variations of the children or a matrix of the variations of the children (col 16, lines 1-35; col 18, lines 50-65; col 15, lines 20-55).

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Referring to Claims 2, 11 and 20:

Moslares discloses the limitations as discussed in Claims 1, 10 and 19 above. Moslares further discloses the new values of the parents represent demand forecasts to be allocated to the children data (col 15, lines 10-25; col 16, lines 20-35).

Referring to Claims 3, 12, and 21:

Moslares discloses the limitations as discussed in Claims 1, 10 and 19 above. Moslares further discloses the variation of each child is calculated using statistical techniques based on historical variation in the values of the child over a specified time period (col 15, lines 45-65; col 16, lines 1-35).

Referring to Claims 6, 15, and 24:

Moslares discloses the limitations as discussed in Claims 1, 10 and 19 above. Moslares further discloses the organization of data comprises one or more dimensions; and the parents and children are all members of the same dimension within the organization of data (col 13, lines 1-25, demand and time).

Referring to Claims 7, 16 and 25:

Moslares discloses the limitations as discussed in Claims 1, 10 and 19 above. Moslares further discloses the organization of data comprises multiple dimensions; and the parents and children are each associated with multiple dimensions of the organization data (col 13, lines 1-25, demand and time).

Referring to Claim 8, 17 and 26:

Moslares in view of Lobley disclose the limitations as discussed in Claims 7, 16 and 25 above. Moslares further discloses the parents and children each represent a storage location within the organization of data that is uniquely identified by the positions of members in two or more of the dimensions (Fig 4; cool 16, lines 40-60).

Referring to Claim 9, 18 and 27:

Moslares disclose the limitations as discussed in Claim 7, 16 and 25 above. Moslares further discloses the organization of data comprises at least two dimensions selected from the group consisting of a time dimension, a product dimension, and a geography dimension ((col 13, lines 1-25, product and time).

Allowable Subject Matter

3. Claims 4-5 and 30 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten, in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims, to overcome the under 35 U.S.C. 101 rejection.

Referring to Claims 4 and 30:

The following is a statement of reasons for the indication of allowable subject matter: The cited prior art neither alone or in combination does not teach the method of Claims 1 and 29 wherein the new value of each child is determined using the equation:

$$\overline{x}' = \overline{x} + \sum R^T (R \sum R^T)^{-1} (\overline{y} - R\overline{x}),$$

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in which \bar{x}'_i comprises a vector of the new (demand) values of the children, \bar{x} comprises a vector of the current demand values of the children, Σ comprises a matrix of the variations of the children, R comprises a matrix identifying the parent-child relationships, and \bar{y} comprises a vector of the new values/demand forecasts of the parents. The prior art is silent about the use of a matrix identifying the parent child relationships, and using this matrix to calculate new child values based on parent, child and variation matrices/vectors.

Referring to Claim 5:

The following is a statement of reasons for the indication of allowable subject matter:

The cited prior art neither alone or in combination does not teach the method of Claim 1 wherein the new value of each child is determined using the equation:

$$\overline{x}_{i}' = \overline{x}_{i} + \frac{\sigma_{i,i}}{\sum_{i} \sigma_{i,i}} (\overline{y} - \sum_{i} \overline{x}_{i}),$$

in which \overline{x}_i' comprises the new value of the child i, \overline{x}_i comprises the current value associated with a child i, $\sigma_{i,i}$ comprises the variation of the child i, $\sum_i \sigma_{i,i}$ comprises the sum of the current values for the children, and \overline{y} comprises the new value of the parent of the child i. The prior art is silent as to the form of equation used to calculate child values, while applying the top-down analysis.

4. Claims 13, 14, 22, 23, 32 and 34 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

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Referring to Claims 13, 22, 32 and 34:

The following is a statement of reasons for the indication of allowable subject matter:

The cited prior art neither alone or in combination does not teach the method of Claims 1, 10 and 19, 29, 31 and 33 wherein the new value of each child is determined using the equation:

$$\overline{x}' = \overline{x} + \sum_{n} R^{T} (R \sum_{n} R^{T})^{-1} (\overline{y} - R\overline{x}),$$

in which \bar{x}'_i comprises a vector of the new (demand) values of the children, \bar{x} comprises a vector of the current demand values of the children, Σ comprises a matrix of the variations of the children, R comprises a matrix identifying the parent-child relationships, and \bar{y} comprises a vector of the new values/demand forecasts of the parents. The prior art is silent about the use of a matrix identifying the parent child relationships, and using this matrix to calculate new child values based on parent, child and variation matrices/vectors.

Referring to Claims 14 and 23:

The following is a statement of reasons for the indication of allowable subject matter:

The cited prior art neither alone or in combination does not teach the method of Claims 1, 10 and 19, wherein the new value of each child is determined using the equation:

$$\overline{x}_i' = \overline{x}_i + \frac{\sigma_{i,i}}{\sum_i \sigma_{i,i}} (\overline{y} - \sum_i \overline{x}_i),$$

in which \overline{x}'_i comprises the new value of the child i, \overline{x}_i comprises the current value associated with a child i, $\sigma_{i,i}$ comprises the variation of the child i, $\sum_i \sigma_{i,i}$ comprises the sum of the current values for the children, and \overline{y} comprises the new value of the parent of the child i. The prior art

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is silent as to the form of equation used to calculate child values, while applying the top-down analysis.

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Response to Arguments

5. Applicant's arguments filed 5/25/04 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

Applicant argues: "Moslares does not disclose, teach, or suggest that a new value for each child is determined by allocating new values of the parents to the children based on the variations of the children, much less based on either the sum of the variations of the children or a matrix of the variations of the children, as recited in Claim 1, and similarly in Claims 10, 19, 28, 29, 31 and 33.

Moslares states that each of these items have a fixed relationship to each other. For example, there is a one-to-one relationship between items "A" and "B" such that a demand for item "B" is equal to a demand for item "A". (See column 16, lines 5-9). Moslares does not disclose that any variation of the children is used in the allocation of a value from a parent to the children. Furthermore, Moslares certainly does not teach that a value for a child is determined by allocating the value for a parent based on the sum off the variations of the children or a matrix of the variations of the children."

Examiner disagrees with applicant. Moslares explicitly discloses demand for a component item is defined as the demand that an item updates for its components items in every time period (col 14, lines 40-50). Moslares further discloses that the demand for the components must be adjusted by the ratio r_j , i.e., the number of component items necessary for producing a particular item (col 14, lines 40-65). Examiner maintains that the ratio element for each component represent "the sum off the variations of the children or a matrix of the variations of the children". Therefore, the claimed invention is unpatentable.

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Final Rejection

6. THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

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Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Monplaisir G Hamilton whose telephone number is (703) 305-5116. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday - Friday (8:00 am - 4:30 pm).

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Kim Y Vu can be reached on (703) 305-4393. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Monplaisir Hamilton

NOTE: TC 2100 will be moved to Carlyle in October, 2004, the new telephone number for TC 2100 receptionist is 571-272-2100, my new telephone number is (571) 272-3852 and my supervisor's new number is (571) 272-3859.

SURV PATENT EXAMIN

MNOLOGY CENTER 2100